

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product Identifier

Product name Product description

Product type

MARPOL Annex- I

**LUBENZ SOLO TRANSFORMER OIL**

Insulating oil

Liquid

Oils

Industrial

Industrial

Industrial

### 1.2 Identified uses

Distribution of substance Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Manufacture of substance Functional Fluids

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier/ Manufacturer

JLT 20th Floor Fortune Executive Tower Cluster T Dubai, UAE  
[www.lubenzlubricants.com](http://www.lubenzlubricants.com)

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition

Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Asp. Tox. 1, H304

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

Precautionary statements Prevention

Response

Storage

Disposal

**Danger**

H 304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Not applicable

P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Not applicable

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

### 2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No.

1907/2006, Annex XIII

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable

Not applicable

## SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Mixture

| Product/ Ingredient name                                            | Identifiers                      | %        | Classification<br>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/ 2008 [CLP] | Type |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Distillate (petroleum), Severely hydrotreated light Naphthenic Oil. | EC: 265-156-6<br>CAS: 64742-53-6 | 75 – 100 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304                                      | [1]  |
| Distillate (petroleum), Severely hydrotreated light paraffinic Oil. | EC: 265-158-7<br>CAS: 64742-55-8 | 0 – 25   | Asp. Tox. 1, H304                                      | [1]  |

Annex I Nota L applies to the base oil(s) in this product. Nota L - The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

## SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### Eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist

#### Inhalation

If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If casualty is unconscious and: If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Maintain an open airway.

#### Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Handle with care and dispose of in a safe manner. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists.

Accidental high pressure injection through the skin requires immediate medical attention. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

#### Ingestion

Always assume that aspiration has occurred. Do not induce vomiting. Can enter lungs and cause damage. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Seek professional medical attention or send the casualty to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband

#### Protection of first-aiders

### 4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Notes to physician

#### Specific treatments

Due to low viscosity there is a risk of aspiration if the product enters the lungs. Treat symptomatically. Always assume that aspiration has occurred.

## SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Water spray or foam.  
Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture  
Hazardous thermal decomposition products

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This substance will float and can be reignited on surface water.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for firefighters

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H<sub>2</sub>S, SO<sub>x</sub> (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations.

Note : recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.

For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken.

Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate.

Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons.

For emergency responders



## PETROTM OIL

Note : gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated.

Respiratory protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations.

In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents.

If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

organic vapours (and when applicable for H<sub>2</sub>S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.

Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Advice on general occupational hygiene Storage

Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store separately from oxidising agents.

Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Not suitable : Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable/combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these

### 7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

hazards. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight

## SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/Ingredient name                               | Exposure limits values                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Distillate (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic | <b>AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015)</b> . TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume<br><br><b>[Air contaminant]</b> |
| Oil mist                                              | <b>AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015)</b> . TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume                                 |

### Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.

## 8.2 Exposure Control Appropriate engineering Controls

## Individual protection measures

### Hygiene measures

Eye/face protection

#### Skin protection

Hand protection

Body protection

Other skin protection

Respiratory protection

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling

chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.

4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Environmental exposure controls

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

|                                                |                                    |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Appearance                                     | Not available                      |
| Physical state                                 | Not applicable                     |
| Color                                          | < -45°C (ASTM D-97)                |
| Odor                                           | > 140°C Pensky-Mertens (ASTM D 93) |
| Odour threshold                                | Not available                      |
| pH                                             | Not available                      |
| Melting point/Pour point                       | Not available                      |
| Flash point                                    |                                    |
| Evaporation rate                               | Not available                      |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                      |                                    |
| Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume | Not available                      |
| Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume | 0.890 max at 15°C                  |
| Vapour pressure                                | Insoluble in water                 |
| Density                                        | Not available                      |
| Solubility(ies)                                | No Data                            |
| Solubility (water)                             | > 250°C                            |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)        |                                    |
| Decomposition temperature                      |                                    |
| Auto-ignition temperature                      |                                    |
| Liquid                                         |                                    |
| Colourless to Light yellow                     |                                    |
| Odorless                                       |                                    |



Viscosity, Kinematic at 40°C (104°F)

0.08 cm<sup>2</sup> /s to 0.11 cm<sup>2</sup> /s (8.00 to 11.00 cSt)

Explosive properties

No Data No

Oxidising properties

Data

DMSO extractable compounds for base oil  
substance(s) according to IP346

< 3%

## SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Stable under normal conditions

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Oxidising agent.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous Reactions

Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H<sub>2</sub>S, SO<sub>x</sub> (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                              | Result                          | Species | Dose         | Exposure |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| Distillate (petroleum),hydrotreated light naphthenic | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >5.53 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|                                                      | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg  | -        |
|                                                      | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg  | -        |
| Distillate (petroleum),hydrotreated Light paraffinic | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >2.18 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|                                                      | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg  | -        |
|                                                      | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >15000 mg/kg | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Skin

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Respiratory

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Sensitisation

Skin

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Respiratory

No known significant effects or critical hazards

#### Mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Carcinogenicity

The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.

Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard - Category 1

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Eye contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin contact

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Potential chronic health effects

The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.

General

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product/ingredient name

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

Not available.

Other information

Specific hazard

The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.

## SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1 Toxicity

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

### 12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB Assessment

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Not expected to be

harmful to aquatic

organisms. Not

inherently

biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product. Not considered mobile.

Not applicable.

Insoluble in water. Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Methods of disposal

Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorizations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organization, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal.

Yes

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation                                                   |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 13 03 07*  | mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils |

#### Packaging

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### International transport regulations

|                                 | ADR/ RID       | ADN            | IMO/ IMDG<br>Classification | ICAO/ IATA<br>Classification |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 14.1 UN number                  | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated.              | Not regulated.               |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | -              | -              | -                           | -                            |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | -              | -              | -                           | -                            |
| 14.4 Packing group              | -              | -              | -                           | -                            |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | No             | No             | No                          | No                           |
| Additional information          | -              | -              | -                           | -                            |

14.6 Special precautions for User

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

Substances of very high concern Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations Seveso D

None of the components are listed.

None of the components are listed.

Not applicable.

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### International Lists National Inventory

On inventory (yes/ no)\*

|                             |                                                                        |     |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Australia                   | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)                     | Yes |
| Canada                      | Domestic Substances List (DSL)                                         | Yes |
| Canada                      | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)                                    | No  |
| China                       | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)             | Yes |
| Europe                      | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe                      | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)                 | No  |
| Japan                       | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)               | Yes |
| Korea                       | Existing Chemicals List (ECL)                                          |     |
| New Zealand                 | New Zealand Inventory                                                  | Yes |
| Philippines                 | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)      | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory                          | Yes |

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

### SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

#### Revision comments Legend to abbreviations

|                         |                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ADR                     | European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road. Regulations   |
| RID                     | agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail. International maritime |
| IMDG – CODE ICAO        | dangerous goods code.                                                                             |
| IATA GHS CLP SCBA REACH | International                                                                                     |
| LC 50                   | Civil Aviation                                                                                    |
| LD 50 PBT               | Organization.                                                                                     |
|                         | International                                                                                     |
|                         | air transport                                                                                     |
|                         | association.                                                                                      |
|                         | Globally Harmonized System of Classification                                                      |
|                         | and Labeling of Chemicals. Classification,                                                        |
|                         | Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation                                                    |
|                         | (EC) No.1272/2008]. Self-Contained Breathing                                                      |
|                         | Apparatus                                                                                         |

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/ 2008 [CLP/ GHS]

|                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| Classification    | Justification      |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue Version

**Disclaimer**



**PETROTM OIL**

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1.

1<sup>st</sup> October 2020.

January 2018

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.